



# **Satellite and NTN Summit**

Tuesday October 14, 2025

Sponsor



# Intelligence

A 360° intelligence platform combining trusted data, expert research, and interactive tools to support strategic decision-making across the mobile industry.

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120,000+

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200+

new reports and insights published annually

50 million

datapoints updated daily

#### GSMA

GSMA Intelligence: the only data and insights source built from inside the industry

Our unmatched GSMA Advantage

Exclusive industry access - Direct links to 300+ operators and 400+ ecosystem players.

**Trusted by the industry** - Operators use our data to benchmark themselves and competitors.

**Real-time insights -** Exclusive knowledge on networks, spectrum, and market trends.



# Space is (still) getting more crowded

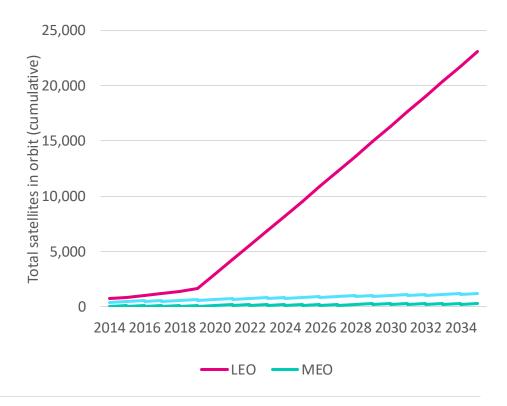
#### Huge momentum

- LEO constellation explosion. Total satellites in orbit will be 10x pre 2020 levels by end of decade
- Driven by improved satellite economics and performance
- Telco demand growing

#### Wide ranging use cases

- Consumer = unconnected, roaming, emergency service
- IoT/industrial sell in coming into frame across several industries
- Emergency + disaster response

#### Satellite is exploding, driven by LEO volumes







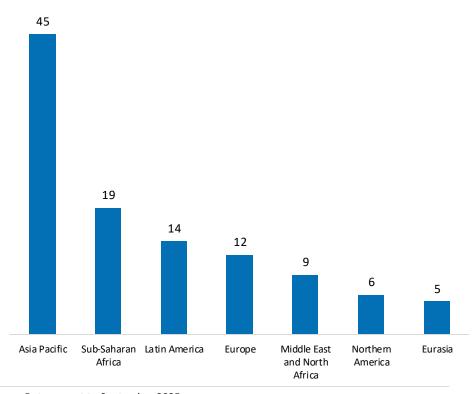
# The market in numbers: >110 telcos working with satellite

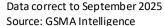
#### **Telco satellite and NTN footprint**

Metric	May 2025	August 2025	Change (last three months)
Operators with satellite service*	109	110	+1
Of which are live	27	27 28	
Of which are planned or testing	82	82	-
Mobile connections footprint (million)	5,752	5,881	-
Share of total connections base covered by satellites and NTNs	66%	67%	+1ppts

<sup>\*</sup> Defined as unique operators or operator groups operating a direct constellation or offering satellite connectivity through one or more partnerships.

#### Regional split of telcos with a satellite presence





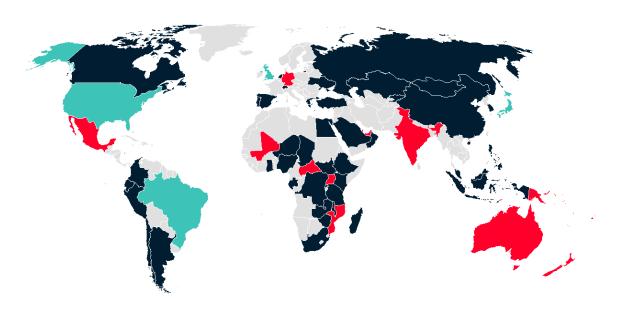




### Global view (changing by the week)

#### Global view of telco satellite coverage

- Satellite not yet launched but either planned or in testing phase
- Satellite coverage available from one operator
- Satellite coverage available from two or more operators



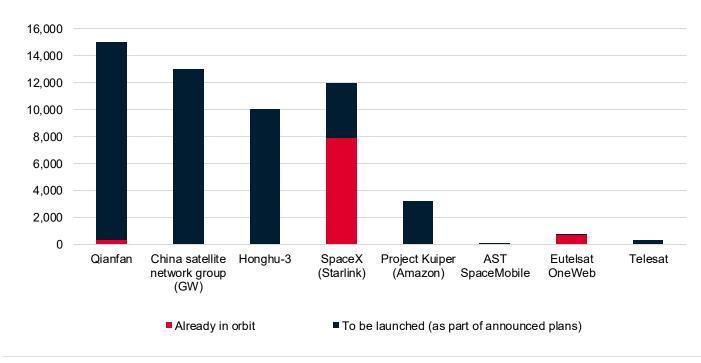
- Note some countries may not be shaded but still have operators with satellite partnerships not been publicly disclosed
- Data correct to May 2025.
   Source: GSMA Intelligence





### **Competitive landscape: satellites**

#### China + global top 5 Number of satellites



Data correct to August 2025 Source: GSMA Intelligence





# **Competitive landscape:** satellites

#### Starlink

- First mover
- Bolstering spectrum position (Echostar)
- Cross sell

#### AST and Kuiper

- AST fraction launched, fully financed for remainder
- Kuiper larger in scale, strategy likely more in broadband and logistics, D2D TBC

#### The rest

 A raft of existing sat-co's from Iridium to Viasat and SES/Intelsat have large fleets that will be leveraged for D2D over the next 3 years

#### Top satellite constellations (ex China)

	Currently in orbit	Planned constellation (all services)	% of constellation deployed
Starlink	7,875	12,000	66%
Lynk	5	5,000	0.1%
Kuiper	27	3,232	1%
Eutelsat/OneWeb	655	673	97%
SES/Intelsat	142	142	100%
Iridium	66	66	100%
AST Space Mobile	5	60	8%
Viasat/Inmarsat	23	41	56%
Globalstar	32	32	100%
Echostar	10	10	100%
Space42 (merger of Yahsat and Bayanat)	6	8	75%
Skylo*	-	-	
Omnispace	Not yet launched		

Data correct to September 2025 Source: GSMA Intelligence





### A varied set of partnerships

China Mobile (China), 1,008	Bharti Airtel Group, 532	China Telecom (China), 428	MTN Group, 241	Telefónica Group, 237
			AST, Eutels at One We Intels at, Lynk, Omnispace, Starlink	Lynk, OQ Technology,
	Eutelsat OneWeb, Hughes, Starlink			Deutsche Telekom
	Reliance Jio (India), 485	SpaceIoT	Group, 222	Group, 206
		Vodafone Group, 257		Intelsat, OQ Technology, Sateliot, Skylo, Starlink, Viasat
			AST SpaceMobile,	Telkomsel (Telkom Indonesia), 159
	SES	Amazon (Project Kuiper), AST, Intelsat	Eutelsat OneWeb,	AST

Note: The number of mobile subscribers for each operator or group represents the addressable footprint for a partnership, assuming national satellite coverage.

Data correct to September 2025 Source: GSMA Intelligence





# Direct to cell is all the rage (for now)...

- Momentum. The direct to cell phenomenon is driving a significant amount of telco-satellite partnerships. Our data indicates that, for AST, Starlink and Lynk, this model powers the majority of their telco partnerships for satellite service that integrates with mobile networks
- Phased launches. That does not, however, mean that commercial services will spring up tomorrow. We are instead likely to see a phased transition where satellite constellations at LEO start by offering partial service (2-3 hours/day) in 2025/26 when satellites are overhead, gradually expanding to 24/7 offerings to the polar latitudes by 2027/28

Satellite operator	Live telecoms operator partnerships*	Planned telecoms operator partnerships*	Delivery mode: direct to BTS	Delivery mode: direct to device**
AST SpaceMobile	0	31	6%	94%
Lynk	3	23	4%	96%
Starlink	8	13	52%	48%
SES/Intelsat** *	8	12	95%	5%
Eutelsat OneWeb	3	8	91%	9%
Others	11	38	47%	53%
Total/average	33	125	42%	58%



Data correct to August 2025 Source: GSMA Intelligence



<sup>\*</sup> Figures are for satellite partnerships with telecoms operators for mobile connectivity, either by providing backhaul or direct to device. Where a satellite player has partnered separately with an operator group and its subsidiary, this has been counted twice. Satellite broadband services (e.g. at home, businesses or community locations) are not included.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes direct to cell and direct to IoT device

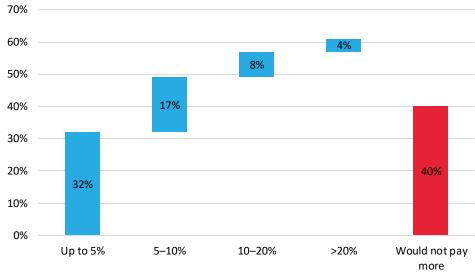
<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Numbers of SES and Intelsat have been combined post completion of their merger

# How much would people pay?

- Wants vs. needs. Assessing willingness to pay is part science and part art, in large part because we take consumer attitudes with a grain of salt, compared to actual purchases
- 60% would pay. That said, our survey data indicates a fairly buoyant picture, with 60% of people, on average across the 10 countries, willing to pay more on top of their existing spend on mobile airtime.
- Uplift. To be conservative, it is sensible to discount the figures towards the lower end; half of those willing to pay more would pay only up to 5% on top of existing spend.
- Boost to revenues. However, even this would be a meaningful boost to ARPU when spread across the applicable customer base of the mobile operators most likely to take satellite

How much more would consumers be willing to pay on their existing mobile spend if the tariff included satellite connectivity (aggregate across 10 countries)?

Percentage of respondents



Increase on current monthly spend for mobile airtime

N=1,000 respondents per country (across 10 countries)
Source: GSMA Intelligence Satellite Consumer Attitudes Survey June 2024





### Market pricing implies a 15-25% uplift for satellite

Telco pricing for D2D in cellular tariffs (selected examples)

Data correct to September 2025 Source: GSMA Intelligence, company websites

Operator	Satellite partner	Service launch date	Service	Base contract tariff (\$ per month)	Satellite bolt-on (\$/month)	Contract ARPU (\$/month)	Effective satellite uplift (percentage of contract ARPU)
Rogers, Canada	Starlink	July 2025 (trial)	SMS	\$73/ \$51	0/ \$10.95	\$58	0%/ 19%
T-Mobile, US	Starlink	July 2025	SMS	\$105/ \$50	0/ \$10	49	0%/ 31%
Entel, Chile	Starlink	May 2025	SMS	\$13.72	-	11.70	0%
Verizon, US	Skylo	January 2025	SMS	ı	0	45	0%
One NZ, New Zealand	Starlink	December 2024	SMS	29	0	24	0%
SmarTone, Hong Kong	Tiantong-1 satellite system	August 2024	Voice/SMS	1	\$3.60	28	13%
3 (CK Hutchison), Hong Kong	Tiantong-1 satellite system	July 2024	Voice/SMS	-	\$2.45	25	10%





# There is also an allure of convergence

- Portfolio. D2D may garner the headlines, but it's not the only game in town when it comes to the satellite portfolio
- Bundling strategies
  - D2D cross sell to broadband and/or IoT
  - Vice versa
  - Some other combination
- Benefits. Why? In theory...
  - Higher bundle value
  - Lower churn
- · Limitations. In practice, watch for...
  - Capacity constraints
  - Competition

#### Product offerings among major satellite companies

Satellite provider	Home broadband	Backhaul	Direct to device	loT		Telco partnerships (planned)*
Starlink	Available	Available	Available	Available	6	14
AST Space Mobile	Not offered	Not offered	Available	Not offered	0	30
Lynk	Not offered	Available	Available	Not offered	3	23
Kuiper	Planned	?	?	?	0	3
Eutelsat/One Web	Available	Planned	Available	Available	3	8
Viasat/Inmars at	Available	Available	Planned	Available	2	2
Skylo	Not offered	Not offered	Available	Available	2	3
Echostar	Available	Available	Planned	Available	0	0

Source: GSMA Intelligence



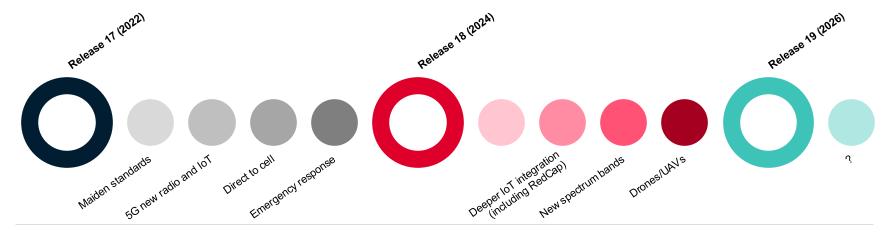


### IoT ready for prime time?

- Coming to fruition. Satellite for IoT is one of the most interesting storylines of 2025. This rests on the total addressable market of 2.5–3 billion IoT devices across a range of industries and the fact that 20–25% of enterprise CTO and CTIOs say they intend to incorporate NTNs into their connectivity portfolios.
- Standards impact. The next standards update (Release 19) should also help by adding new functionality such as RedCap into NTNs for IoT. There is already a competitive segment that focuses mostly on IoT (e.g. Skylo, Orbcomm), with the new standards also attracting Iridium and other legacy satellite providers. Starlink is an X factor, with the potential to put downward pricing pressure across the board, although it would have to tolerate a low-margin business to do this.

Satellite capabilities get better with each standards release

Source: GSMA Intelligence, 3GPP

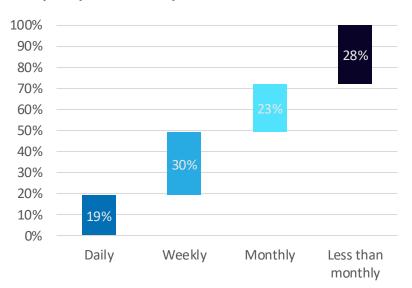






### Plugging gaps that directly impact business performance

## How often do businesses have critical operations delayed by lack of timely data?



#### Where could satellite MOST help?



Source: GSMA Intelligence and Skylo survey of satellite enterprise attitudes (2025)

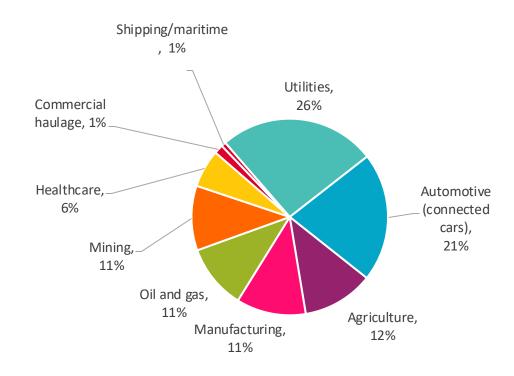




#### **IoT universe = 2.5bn devices**

- Myriad sectors. The range of industries wishing to tap into satellite connectivity is wide, playing to company premises being in rural or remote areas (e.g. mining, oil and gas), or businesses that deal in asset tracking (e.g. logistics, cars)
- Pricing. Pricing is highly variable with ARPUs for IoT modules usually being well under \$1 per month (except connected car subscriptions), so overall addressable revenues have big bound of uncertainty
- \$10bn run rate by 2035. Our base case is that IoT revenues enabled by satellite can get to \$10bn per year by 2035, roughly 25% of what mobile operators make on IoT as of now

#### 2-2.5bn IoT devices sit within the satellite addressable base



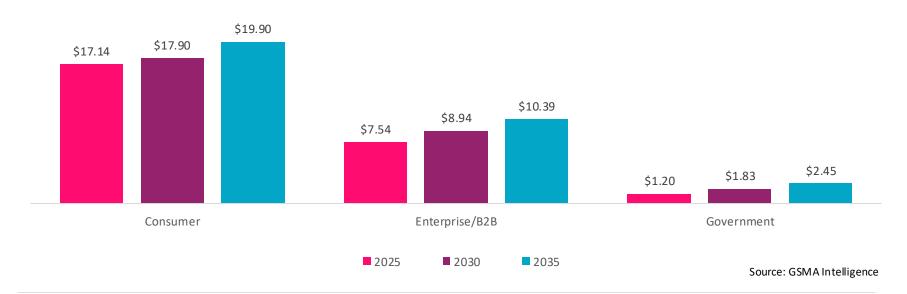




#### What's it all worth?

\$30-35bn is in play...2-3% of the telco topline

Addressable telco revenues via wholesale sat partnerships (\$ billions)







### **Spectrum models and trade-offs**

#### Mobile Satellite Terrestrial (repurposed) Spectrum (MSS) Companies omnispace Terrestar ERICSSON Qualcomm Globalstar O L band (1.5-2.5 GHz) Depends on holdings of partner operator Bands S band (2.2-2.7 GHz) T-Mobile US, Salt = AT&T, Verizon = Sub 1 GHz 1.9 GHz 850 MHz (Pacific Islands, One NZ = 1.8 GHz Africa)

- Both have advantages and challenges
  - TRADE-OFFS
- Watch the news (e.g. Starlink/Echostar)





### Overall outlook. Big questions? It's why we're here!

#### Technology

- Network performance: does it get beyond '3G-like?'
- Satellite longevity: does this lengthen? How long?
- D2D: real deal?
- Chipsets and handsets: how quickly is NTN integrated? How fast can people tap in?

#### Commercial

- Integration costs + set up: how can telcos minimize opex/capex vis-à-vis NTN integration?
- Willingness to pay: will people pay more for satellite...and by how much?
- Proving the revenue story: to what extent do these show up? Do operators disclose the NTN impact?

#### Regulatory

- **Spectrum:** interference mitigations? Borrowing terrestrial? MSS?
- Landing rights: getting global alignment...possible?
- NTN standards integration...and
   6G: NTN impact with 5Gadvanced and 6G?

Source: GSMA Intelligence





### Want to learn more? Check it out











# **George Giagtzoglou**

Strategy Committee Chair, MSSA



# Advancing the Future of Global Mobile Connectivity

October 2025

## Why Is an MSS Association Needed?

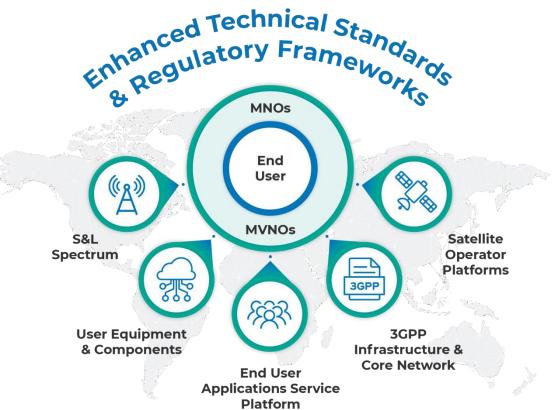
<u>Our Vision</u>: To facilitate and accelerate the integration and evolution of terrestrial and non-terrestrial network services to deliver scalable, sustainable, and affordable connectivity to any device, anytime, anywhere.

- Unite efforts to foster global support for new MSS solutions
- Accelerate market adoption and innovation
- Coordinate and drive advocacy for space sustainability and regulatory goals of the MSS operators
- Neutral platform for working, code of conduct and identifying viable technical solutions and processes
- Open forum for jointly developing and coordinating 3GPP and other standards submissions/responses
- Coordinate with other industry associations and groups to ensure alignment as nonterrestrial network technologies, standards and efficiencies evolve

Working cooperatively with other associations to align & execute on common goals



## **Ecosystem**



### **MSSA Members**





































syniverse.









Member Roster October 2025

### Partners/Collaborations/Memberships











### **MSSA Publications**

#### **Executive Summary**

Mobile Network Operators (MNOs) are seeking efficient ways to expand service to unserved and underserved areas where traditional infrastructure is economically unviable. Direct-to-Device (D2D) satellite connectivity is emerging as a practical solution, and MNOs have spectrum options to support such services, including using Mobile Satellite Service (MSS) spectrum.

#### This white paper explores:

- A comparative summary of spectrum options for supporting scalable D2D service delivery
- The trade-offs between using Mobile Satellite Service (MSS) spectrum and reusing MNO terrestrial spectrum for D2D connectivity
- The regulatory and technical advantages of MSS spectrum for near-term deployment
- Key spectrum planning considerations for MNOs evaluating D2D deployment models



Download the full white paper for an in-depth look at the business case, technical considerations, and regulatory factors shaping D2D connectivity.

Download the White Paper

mss-association.org



# Thank You!

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**Moderator: Tim Hatt** 

GSMA Intelligence

**Mersad Cavcic** 

Globalstar

**Brian Aziz** 

Iridium

**Michael Burkis** 

SES

**Tregg Spolar** 

Viasat





## 30 minute break

**Satellite and NTN Summit** 

Resumes here at 12:30pm





# **Barbara Pareglio**

Senior Technical Director, Smart Mobility Lead, GSMA

# Realising the future of interworking between TN and NTN

Barbara Pareglio – Senior Technical Director, GSMA



## Satellite technology - Reshaping global connectivity



- □ Evolving role of satellite networks in the connectivity ecosystem
- □ LEO satellite constellations are transforming satellite connectivity
- ☐ Providing complementary service
- ☐ Provides resiliency
- ☐ Regulatory frameworks to be aligned with advancements in non-terrestrial network communications and evolving satellite landscape





96% of the population

In cites, densely populated urban areas as well as in towns and villages with medium to low population density, operators connect consumers to the mobile internet.

4% of the population

In remote and sparsely populated areas, satellite solutions can help connect consumers to the mobile internet.



# **GSMA**

### Non-Terrestrial Networks Community



Launched in 2024, the GSMA NTN Community drives integration between terrestrial and non-terrestrial networks, acceleration adoption, seamless interworking, and industry collaboration.



# Non-Terrestrial Networks Community

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#### SCOPE



- Accelerate TN & NTN through interworking.
- Leverage industry learnings
   by sharing experiences from
   pre-commercial trials, service
   launches, and early deployments.
- Shape business and technical priorities by linking business needs with technical requirements and supporting standardisation.
- Identify key focused areas of technology and work with relevant GSMA Working Groups, GSMA Communities or external stakeholders.



# Non-terrestrial networks – opportunities and challenges

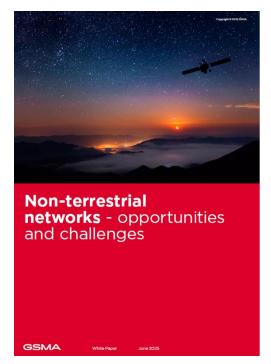


GSMANTN White Paper launched in June 2025

- Technical and spectrum-challenges
- Standardisation landscape & ecosystem outlook
- ♦ Direct-to-device satellite connectivity
- NTN use cases integrated TN/NTN deployments
- NTN Terminal design requirements & challenges



#### WHITE PAPER





# **NTN Community initiatives**

- ☐ Identify top-priority topics to shape business requirements for GSMA Working Groups
- ☐ Business needs and the implication on the technical level
- ☐ Standardisation and deployments
- ☐ Terrestrial & Non-Terrestrial Networks interworking
- ☐ Roaming Agreements and Interoperability





# Join the NTN Community

Contact: <a href="mailto:bpareglio@gsma.com">bpareglio@gsma.com</a>

Request to join the Community









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Ericsson

**Dan Freyer** 

Capgemini